Update on the Canadian Status of Beneficial Use Impairments in the St. Clair River Area of Concern

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"Impaired" BUIs:

- 1. Restrictions on Fish and Wildlife Consumption
- 2. Degradation of Benthos
- 3. Restrictions on Dredging Activities (recommend removal – undergoing consultation – 2014)
- 4. Restrictions on Drinking Water Consumption or Taste and Odour Problems (discussion paper proposed)
- 5. Beach Closings (status review 2014)
- 6. Degradation of Aesthetics (recommend removal 2014)
- 7. Added Costs to Agriculture and Industry (removed 2012)
- 8. Loss of Fish and Wildlife Habitat (improving)

Current Status Of Canadian BUIs

"Requiring Further Assessment" BUIs:

- 1. Tainting of Fish and Wildlife Flavour (removed 2011)
- 2. Degraded Fish and Wildlife Populations
- 3. Fish Tumours and Other Deformities (Environment Canada (EC) studies with WIFN – 2013– 14)
- 4. Bird and Animal Deformities or Other Reproductive Problems (EC frog and turtle studies with WIFN 2010–14)

"Not Impaired" BUIs:

- 1. Eutrophication or Undesirable Algae
- 2. Degradation of Phytoplankton and Zooplankton Populations

Priority Issues

Water Quality



Fish and Wildlife Health



Sediment Quality



Fish and Wildlife Habitat



Water Quality

Municipal Point Sources:

• Sarnia - \$70 million invested in upgrades and sewer separation



Devine Street Combined Sewer Separation – Sarnia, Ontario 2012



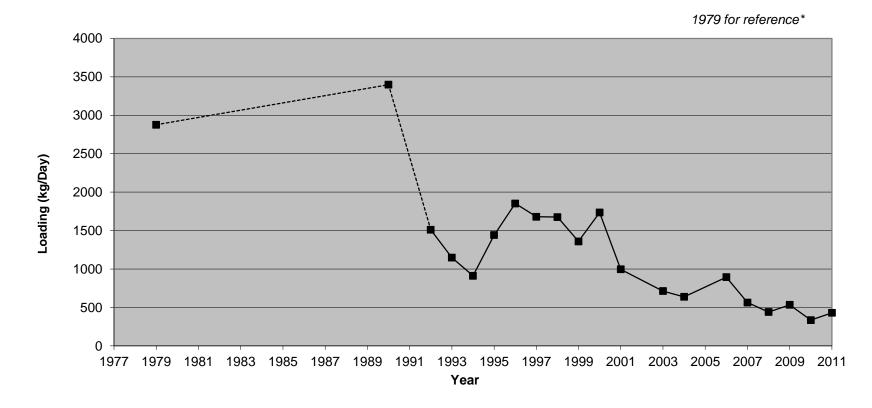
 St. Clair Township - \$35 million in Sewage Treatment Plant upgrades



Courtright Sewage Treatment Plant – Courtright, Ontario, 2012

Municipal Point Source Discharge Loadings

(1990 - 2011)



Municipal STP Loadings: 3 parameters (BOD5, Suspended Solids, Total Phosphorus) for 7 Facilities with point source discharges to St Clair AOC

Water Quality

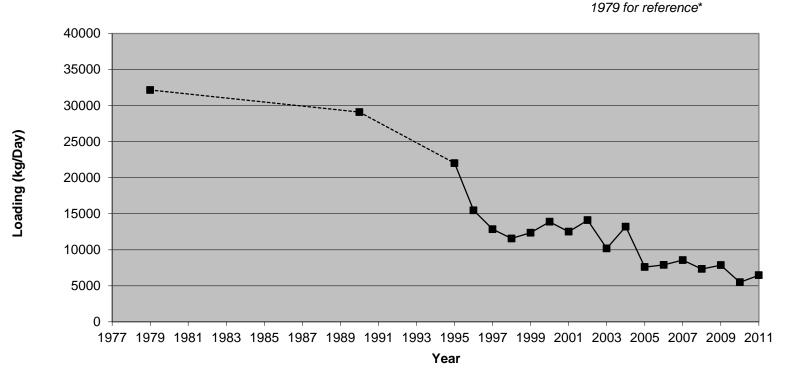
Industrial Point Sources:

- \$100 million invested in past 10 years to decrease the risk of discharging contaminants
- Upgrades
 - Reduced once-through cooling water
 - More stormwater storage
 - Better treatment
 - Improved monitoring



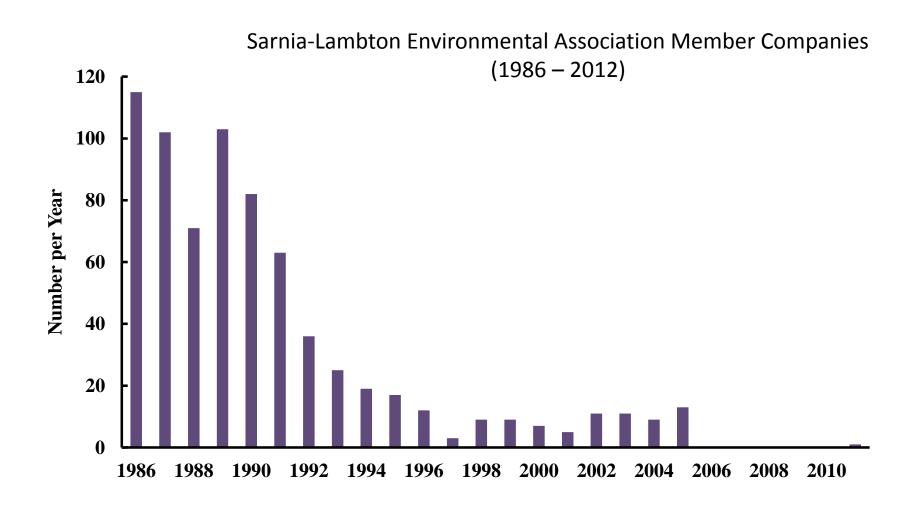
Industrial Point Source Discharge Loadings

(1990 - 2011)



Industrial Loadings: Includes 19 parameters (Suspended solids, solvent extractables, BOD5, COD, TOC, ammonia-nitrogen, phenolics, phosphorus, copper, chromium, iron, lead, nickel, zinc, chlorides, fluoride, arsenic, cyanide, and sulphates) for 17 Facilities with point source discharges to St Clair AOC

Industrial Spill Frequency



Sediment Quality

- Dow cleanup in 2004
- River wide survey 3 remaining Areas of Interest (AOI)

Sediment Management:

- 2007 –2012 additional studies in AOI
- 2013 Final Sediment Management Options Report endorsed by all (CRIC, BPAC, WIFN, AFN)
- Preferred cleanup option –
 Dredge and Dispose

Final Sediment Management Options Report Prepared by ENVIRON, 2013



Sediment Quality

Next Steps:

2014 – Government approval of preferred option

2015/16 – Detailed engineering design and environmental assessment

2017 – Peer review, tender, award and mobilization

2018/19 – Project implementation

A Hydraulic Dredge (Photo Courtesy of Environment Canada, 2003)

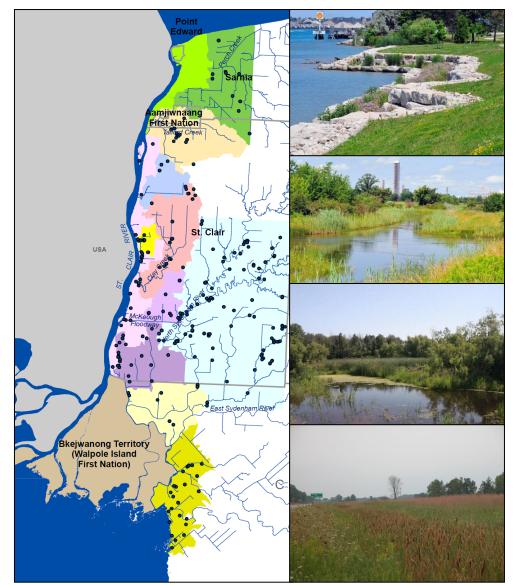


Fish and Wildlife Health

- Frog & Turtle Research
- Brown Bullhead
- Marsh Bird Monitoring
- Waterfowl Monitoring

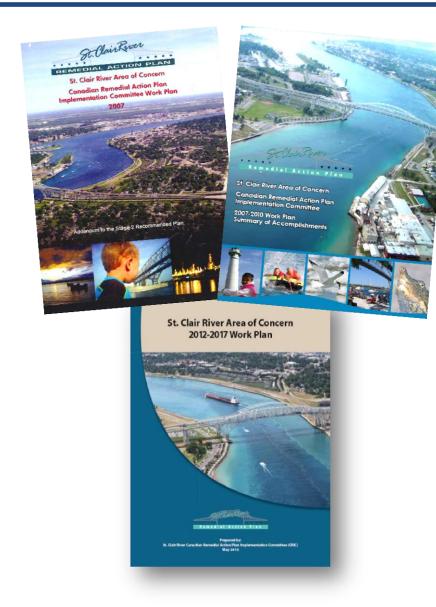


Fish and Wildlife Habitat



- 1995-2013 A total of 263 projects
- 845 ha of habitat created or restored
- Habitat projects exclusively implemented by local partners
- \$5.4 million of federal funds has been invested in habitat projects since 2000

Goals and Priorities



- BUI re-designations
- BUI assessments
- Complete engineering design and implement SMO for remaining contaminated sites
- AOC delisting



Thank you!