



Reproductive Health and Development of Aquatic Wildlife in the St. Clair River Area of Concern (Ontario)

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- Research and monitoring of effects of toxicological and ecological stressors on wildlife
- Measurement of contaminants (PCBs, metals, pesticides, etc) in body burdens
- Assessment of health





Wildlife Species Studied in the St. Clair River AOC (Ontario)

- Two aquatic species studied: northern leopard frog and snapping turtle
- Examined reproduction, deformities & contaminant burdens to assess the status of the wildlife reproduction and deformities Beneficial Use Impairment in the AOC





Northern Leopard Frogs

Studies conducted at two important developmental stages:

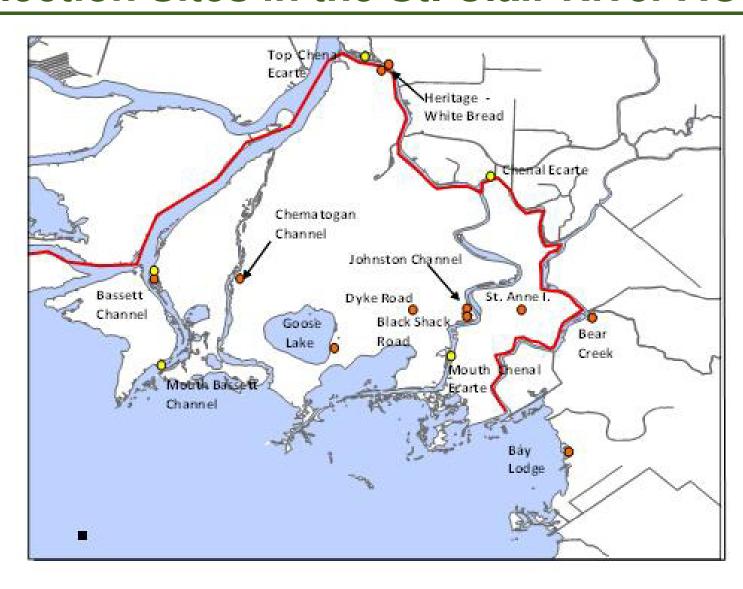
Early embryonic stage in the laboratory – two exposure studies to assess hatching success and embryonic deformities

2) Early transformation stage following metamorphosis – surveys of wild populations of froglets to assess:

- deformities
- contaminants



Northern Leopard Frogs Collection Sites in the St. Clair River AOC



Embryonic Development of Leopard Frogs

- Laboratory exposures: embryos raised in water (2007) and water and sediment (2011) from St. Clair River AOC and reference sites
- Examined hatching success and embryonic development (i.e., frequency of deformities)

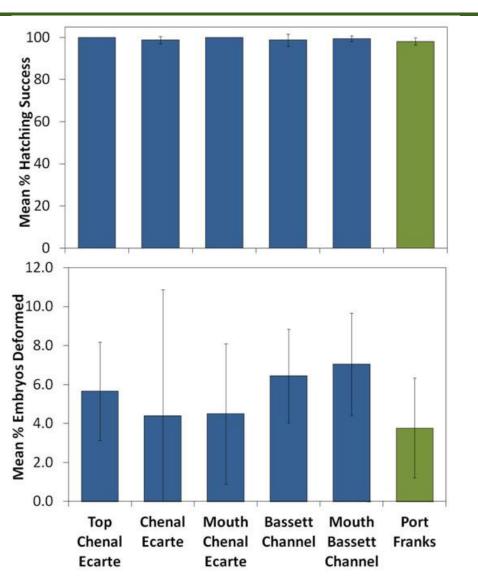






Northern Leopard Frogs Exposure to Water & Sediment Study 2011

- Both hatching success & frequencies of deformities in embryos were statistically similar to frequencies at the non-AOC reference site.
- Similar results found for exposure to water study (2007).



Northern Leopard Frog Surveys 2006, 2007, 2011 & 2014

Summer = newly transformed froglets

Examine for deformities in 100 frogs

Fall = pre-hibernation young of year frogs

Measure contaminant burdens





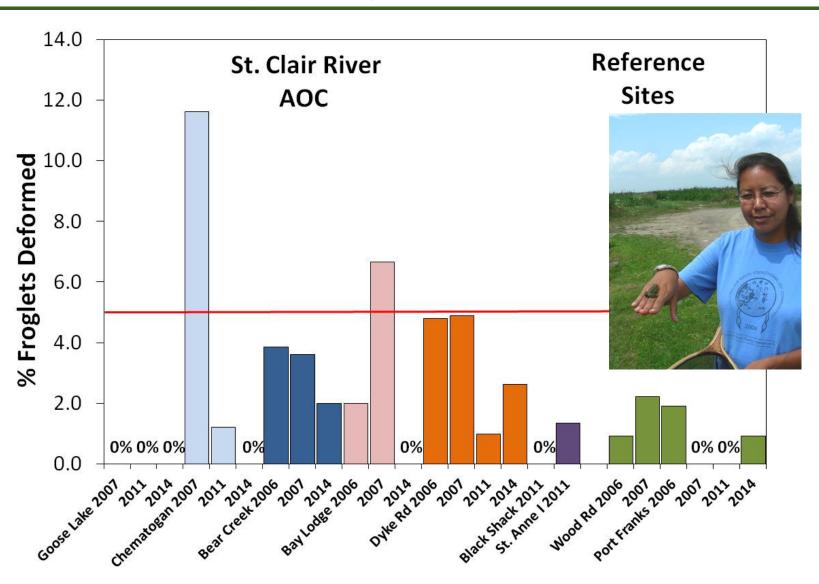
Deformities in Wild Populations of Newly Transformed Froglets



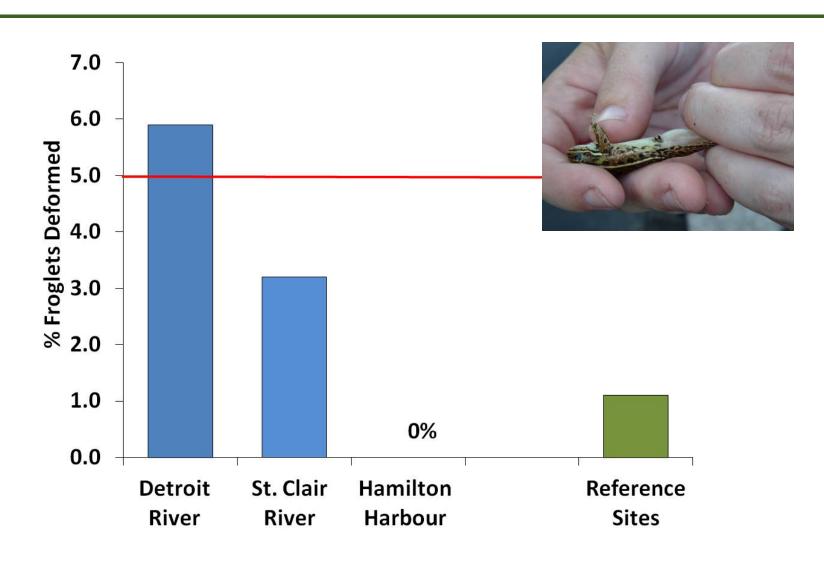




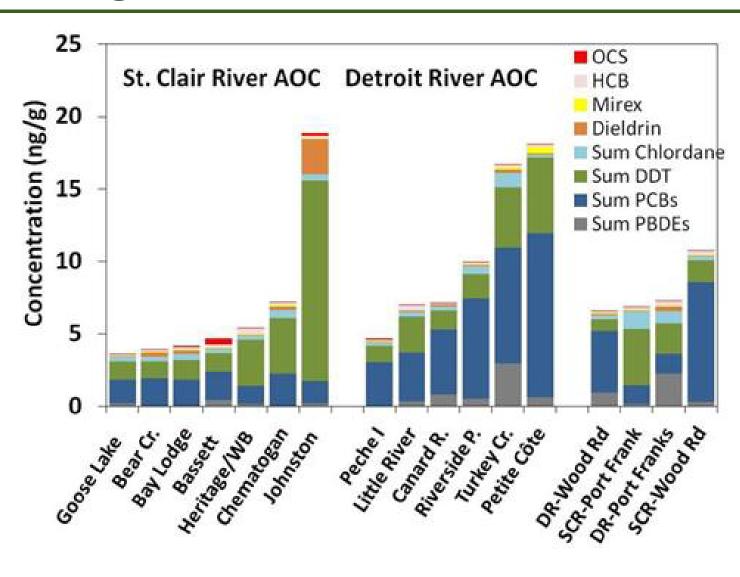
Prevalence of Deformities in Froglets 2006, 2007, 2011 & 2014



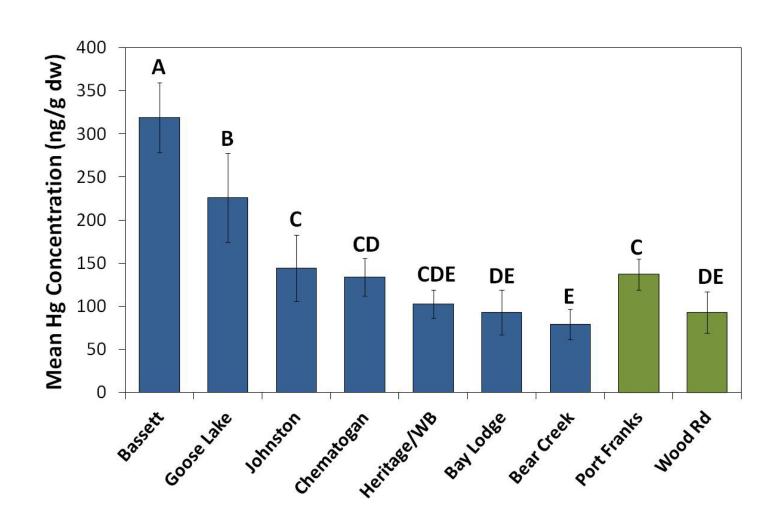
Prevalence of Deformities at other Great Lakes Sites, 2006-2012



Cumulative Totals of Contaminants in Frogs from SCR and Detroit R. AOC



Mercury in Frogs



Snapping Turtles

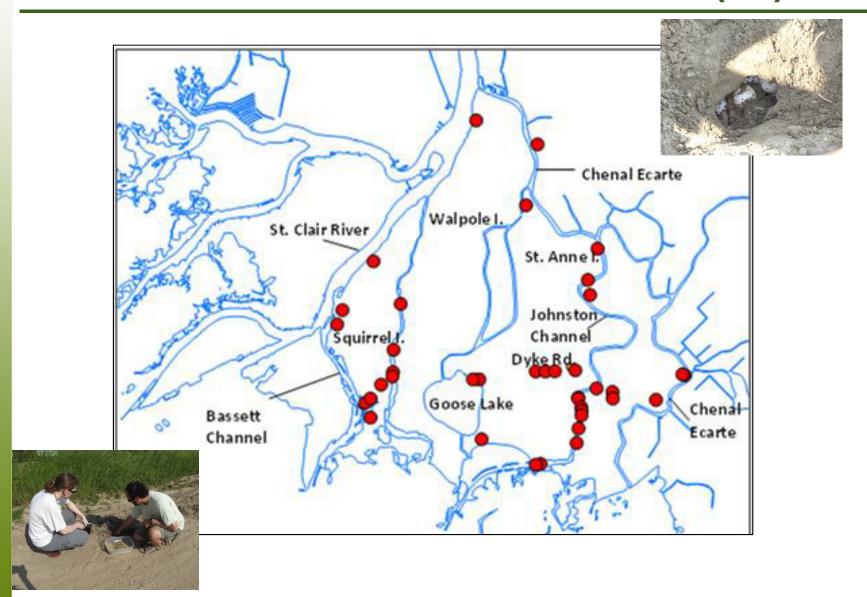
Artificially-incubated eggs were collected from multiple AOC sites in Walpole Delta (2011) to assess:

- hatching success
- hatchling deformities
- contaminant burdens





Snapping Turtles Clutch Collection Locations (41)

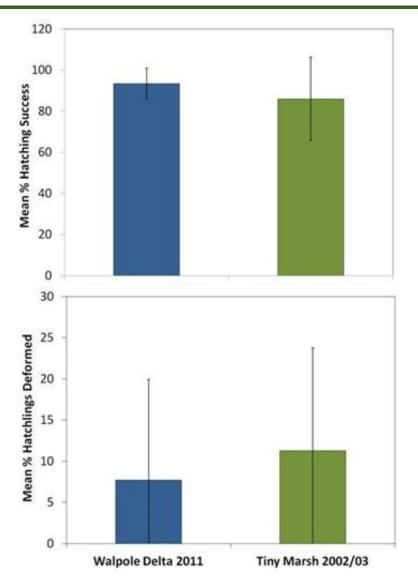


Turtles - Hatching Success and Hatchling Deformities

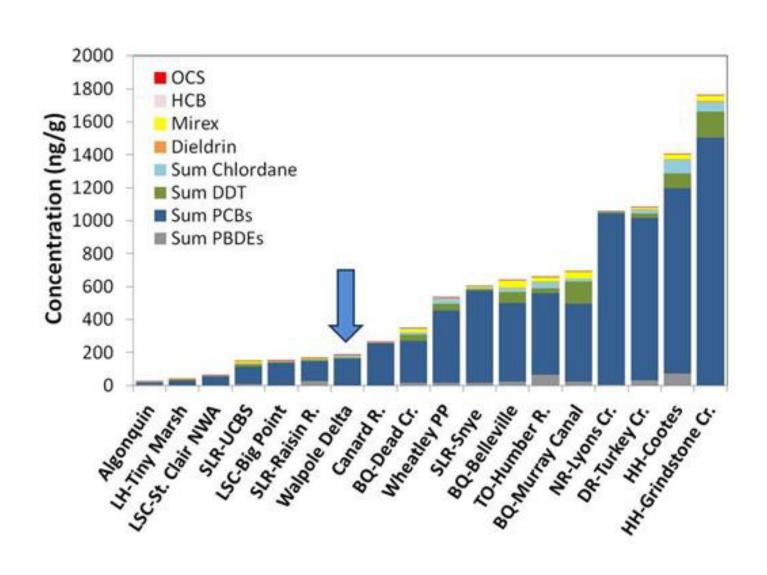
■ Both hatching success & frequencies of hatchling deformities were statistically similar to frequencies at the non-AOC reference site.



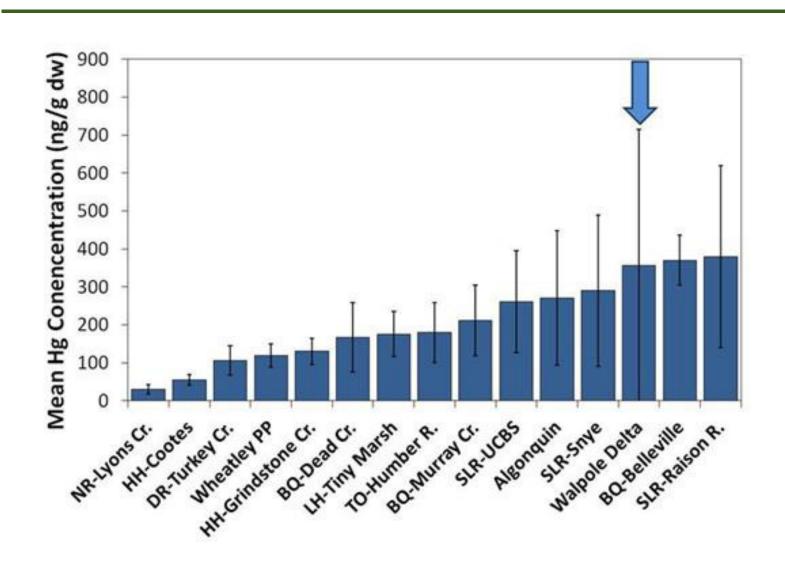




Cumulative Totals of Contaminants in Turtles from Great Lakes



Mercury in Turtles from Great Lakes



Summary - Reproduction & Deformities in Aquatic Wildlife

- High hatching success and low incidence of deformities in frogs and turtles from the St. Clair River AOC based on laboratory studies.
- Deformity frequencies in froglets were below 5% threshold in 16 of 18 surveys conducted in AOC over four years.
- At the two locations in one year (2007) where an exceedence was found, no evidence of deformities were found in subsequent surveys conducted at these locations in 2014.

Summary – Contaminants in Frogs & Turtles

- Contaminant burdens in frogs and turtle eggs were low overall for organochlorines including PCBs and below concentrations associated with reduced survivability.
- Hg concentrations in both species were variable among collection locations and potential effects associated with exposure at these locations are unknown.

CONCLUSION: Based on the current available data, no evidence of contaminant-induced impairment of reproduction or development in aquatic wildlife in the St. Clair River AOC (Ontario).





Thanks!

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